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Seventh Annual Report

OF THE

BOARD OF STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS

OF THE

STATE OF MONTANA

FOR THE YEAR 1897

State Publishing Company,
State and Legislative Printers and Binders
Stationers

Helena,  Montana.

1899

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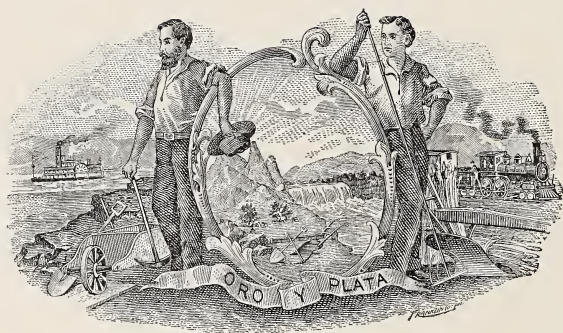
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Seventh Annual Report.

Office Board of State Prison Commissioners,
Helena, Mont., Dec. 10th, 1897.

Robert B. Smith, Governor of Montana:—

In accordance with the provisions of law, we herewith submit the Seventh Annual Report of the State Board of Prison Commissioners.

The tabulated statements which follow give a full and detailed account of all expenditures which have been incurred during the fiscal year 1897, and also the general statistics of the prison, such as number confined, nature of crime, from which county committed, occupation, etc., etc.

The contract price of keeping the prisoners for the two years ending June 30, 1898, being 35 cents per capita, and the Legislature having appropriated \$50,000 per year for 1897 and 1898, the board believed that a sufficient amount could be saved from the appropriations for these two years to complete the prison building which had been partly erected during the year 1896. The report of the Superintendent of Construction contained herein explains fully the condition of the prison buildings at the commencement of the fiscal year 1897, and the necessity for the early completion of this building. The total expense of completing this building was \$18,263.98, and the chief item of this expense was the cell doors, frames and fixtures, forafter utilizing all that could be obtained at the Eastern penitentiary at Billings, and in the buildings which were to be abandoned at Deer Lodge, it was found necessary to purchase 138 more at a cost of \$4,744.80. This included also steel gratings for windows, brackets and railings for galleries, and other steel work. These supplies were purchased from the A. C. M. Co., foundry department, as its bid was the lowest and best received in answer to requests for bids made on the principal steel works of the country. The building was completed and ready for occupancy in November, 1897, and is now occupied by all of the male prisoners confined in the State Penitentiary. It is a substantial and well constructed building, as well ventilated as the system of heating will per-

mit, and will compare favorably with any prison building in the Western States.

It will be seen by referring to the annexed tables that the total expenditure for care and keep of inmates and for cash and clothing furnished discharged prisoners was \$45,659.75, which together with cost of completing prison building No. 2 exceeds the appropriation for 1897 by approximately \$13,000. As there will be but little expense during the year 1898, outside of the actual care and keep of the inmates, we believe that a good share of this deficiency can be paid out of appropriation of 1898.

On September 3, 1897, the board advertised for bids for the care and keep of convicts for the two years commencing June 20, 1898. On October 6, 1897, the Board met to consider bids, and found that but one bid had been received, that of Conley & McTague, who proposed to contract for the care and keep of all prisoners at the rate of 40c per capita per day, and that there should be no extra charge for food or clothing furnished prisoners working on State improvements. This bid was accepted, and a contract duly entered into with Conley & McTague for the care and keep of prisoners under the conditions of said bid.

During the year the general health of the prisoners has been good. While the work on improvements was under way it was necessary to close the prison school, but at the completion of this work in November the school was again opened. The Board finds that while the school is of undoubted benefit to some of the prisoners, others can only be induced to attend by compulsion, and that those who unwillingly attend learn but little themselves, and prevent others from learning. The Board has therefore adopted the rule of permitting prisoners to attend school or not, at their pleasure.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBT. B. SMITH,

Governor, and President of the Board.

C. B. NOLAN,

Attorney-General.

T. S. HOGAN,

Secretary of State, Secretary of the Board.

Members Board of State Prison Commissioners.

SUPERINTENDENT McCALMAN'S REPORT.

Deer Lodge, Montana, December 10th, 1897.

The Honorable Board of State Prison Commissioners, Helena, Montana:—

Gentlemen:—I hereby submit to your honorable body the following report regarding the improvements made at the State Penitentiary, Deer Lodge, during the year 1897.

In April of this year the Board of State Prison Commissioners inspected the State Prison at Deer Lodge. The prison at that time contained 337 prisoners; of that number 156 were living in a one-story building, 107 feet long, 33 feet wide, and 13 feet high, with two tiers of wooden bunks running through the center. The floor, ceiling and walls being entirely of wood, and though used as permanent quarters, contained no cells, the prisoners mingling promiscuously between the hours of 7 a. m. and 9 p. m. This wooden structure containing 156 wards of the State gave the management much concern, the ventilation as well as its sanitary condition being rude and inadequate. A satisfactory condition of cleanliness so desirable in an institution where numbers of men are incarcerated, could not under the circumstances be attained. There were also other conditions to contend with, such as the danger of fire. While the lives of the inmates would in no wise be endangered, the contractors would find themselves in a temporary predicament until provision could be made for the erection and completion of other quarters. This building being altogether unsuited for the purpose for which it was used, the contractors had to employ extra guards to prevent the prisoners from taking advantage of conditions that favored their efforts to regain their liberty. Notwithstanding the vigilance maintained by the management, four of the prisoners confined in this log house, taking advantage of their unprisonlike surroundings, seized this last opportunity to make their escape from the penitentiary.

One hundred and eighty-one prisoners were confined in two

separate stone buildings, both being occupied to their full capacity. One of them being the original United States penitentiary, containing 28 cells of brick and 14 cells built of wood covered with light sheet iron. This part of the prison was condemned some years ago as being entirely unsuited for the purposes for which it was being used, being a dangerous source of fire that might imperil the safety of the whole institution. Such being the condition of the State buildings wherein the prisoners were confined at the time the present Board of Prison Commissioners made their first inspection of the institution.

The former administration having had the same conditions to contend with, recognized the necessity of erecting a new building that would be modern in its construction and appearances, superior in its ventilating capacity and large enough to contain all the inmates, began erecting the new prison building in June, 1896. The production and manufacturing of material as well as the construction was dependent upon the prisoners, with the exception of two men, one being in charge of the manufacture of brick, the other supervising the construction.

In December, 1896, the building was under cover, the exterior being finished with the exception of placing steel gratings and glass in the windows.

The present Board after inspecting the condition of the unfinished improvements, concluded to continue the work commenced and outlined by the previous administration. On recommendation of the Governor the Legislature authorized the Board of Prison Commissioners to remove the building material which was stored in the unfinished prison building at Billings. Under the direction of the Board five carloads of material, comprising steel doors, gratings, stairs and galleries, as well as windows and general material used in the finishing of a prison, were removed from Billings to Deer Lodge. On the arrival of this material active operation commenced. The Board concluded to continue the system of labor inaugurated by the former administration in utilizing prison labor exclusively, with the exception already stated.

The experience acquired by prisoners in mechanical pur-

suits in former years enabled the work to be done in a substantial manner, a large proportion of the men formerly employed in laying brick and stone showed considerable ability in mechanical skill in the quality as well as the quantity of work performed. All the prisoners, with but few exceptions, that were employed in the building business took as much personal interest in their labor as though they were well paid for it, instead of receiving a quarter of a pound of tobacco a week, and the extra food necessary to perform heavy manual labor. Notwithstanding the fact that they were building a prison for their own confinement, in no instance did I ever detect any one taking advantage of his position in knowingly slighting or doing inferior work.

In the annual report of 1896 a general description of the new prison building was given, no alterations were made in the plans at any time, with the exception of discarding the intended separate compartment for youths. The present Board concluded that any benefit that would be derived from maintaining separate quarters for youthful criminals would not equal the expense that would necessarily be contracted by the maintenance of two separate compartments especially as an institution is provided in another part of the State for the special purpose of the reformation of youthful criminals, consequently the new cell house was changed to make one continual line of cells, one hundred and sixty-eight in number, four tiers high and forty-two on each tier, with galleries two feet and three inches wide around each tier; these galleries are supported by iron brackets. The size of the cells are eight feet by five feet eleven inches by seven feet high. The cells on the lower tier are surrounded with a corridor of twelve feet three inches wide, and are lighted with one hundred and fourteen windows, having an average of seventeen and three-quarters square feet of glass in each. The prison has only one entrance, and that is separated from the cells by an iron grating the width of the corridors, and reaches from the floor to the ceiling, a height of thirty-five feet eight inches. Three runs of iron stairs connect the different galleries with the ground floor. An iron stair leads down to the dark cells, that are situated underneath one of the corridors. These cells are

four in number, with ample ventilation, and have double doors of wood and iron.

Two doors leading from the stairway in the towers communicate with a gallery that runs round the entire inside of the building, at opposite angles of which are two iron cages. This gallery is sixteen feet from the floor and is for the exclusive use of guards on duty who when patrolling along this walk can see the inside of all the cells.

In the four corners of the building are located the guards' bedrooms, nine in number. They are separated entirely from the prison.

Under the present circumstances the entire building has to be heated with stoves and lighted with oil lamps. Such a large block as this, containing inside 321,000 cubic feet of space, and 2,298 feet of glass in windows, cannot be satisfactorily heated during cold weather so that an even temperature can be kept by stoves. When means are available so that the Board will be justified in so doing, a system of steam heating or hot blast should be inaugurated, which would add largely to the comfort and well being of the prisoners. The same power could with advantage be used in generating electricity with a suitable electric plant, wherewith a proper system of light could be supplied, thereby doing away with two hundred oil lamps now nightly in use. The pernicious effect of such a large number of oil lamps in one room cannot be overestimated.

The entire building is finished in a plain but substantial manner, having cement floors in all the corridors and cells. The number of square feet of this quality of floor is 13,526. The galleries, which contain 4,665 square feet, are covered with one and a half inch flooring. The ceiling is covered with corrugated iron, which makes the entire building practically fire proof. The amount of inflammable material in the prison being limited to the galleries and window frames.

Ventilation, one of the most important factors relating to health in a prison, has been attended to with the utmost care, and with as much success as the present mode of heating the building will allow. The system in use at present is natural ventilation, each cell having separate ventilator of 48 square

inches from cell to roof. The two upper tiers, where vitiated air accumulates the most, have registers that open and shut, the remaining 88 cells have ventilators made of perforated iron plate. With a more perfect system of heating, artificial ventilation can be substituted.

The following tables will show quantities and cost of material used in construction during the present year, also the number of men employed inside the prison yard.

It is proper for me to report to the Board, that the Prison Contractors have always given me all assistance possible, Mr. Frank Conley giving his personal attention to the production of the raw material, and transportation to the prison yard.

There remains now but few improvements to be made at the State prison. The old wooden frame that surrounded the prison in 1893, and all the log buildings, have been replaced with substantial structures of stone and brick. All necessary workshops, kitchen, dining room and female quarters have been provided for, as well as ample cell room, and with 76 cells vacant, that can be utilized in any emergency or reserved for the increase of population.

For the last four years the prisoners have accustomed themselves to habits of labor and industry, thereby being benefited morally and physically; their behavior has always been satisfactory. If the Board cannot devise some means whereby they can be employed in the future, they must adapt themselves to forced habits of indolence and inactivity, thereby becoming less able mentally and physically to provide themselves with the necessities of life after a term of years in prison.

TABLE "A."

Relating to Work on New Building, No. 2, at the State Prison, and Showing the Number of Days Prisoners Worked in Their Several Capacities.

Number of days worked by blacksmiths.....	323½
Number of days worked by blacksmith's help	111
Number of days worked by bricklayers.....	3,664½
Number of days worked by carpenters.....	752½
Number of days worked by carpenter's help.....	64
Number of days worked by clerk and timekeeper.....	197½
Number of days worked by draughtsman	38½
Number of days worked by foreman	161
Number of days worked by iron worker.....	354½
Number of days worked by laborers.....	5,51 ¾
Number of days worked by lather.....	62½
Number of days worked by painters.....	816
Number of days worked by plasterers.....	395½
Number of days worked by pipefitter.....	2
Number of days worked by sand crew.....	329½
Number of days worked by stone cutter....	152½
Number of days worked by teamsters.....	211
Number of days worked by tin roofer.....	74

Total13,226¾

This table does not include work done in brickyard, limekiln, wood camp or stone quarry.

TABLE "B."

Showing the Number of Skilled Mechanics Following Their Usual Calling.

Employed on the New Prison Building No. 2 During the Year of 1897.

Brickmasons—Average number employed, 26 men; none followed the business as a vocation.

Stonemasons—Average number employed, 4 men; none followed the business as a vocation.

Carpenters—Average number employed, 6 men; two of whom are carpenters by trade.

Blacksmiths—Average number employed, 1 man; who is a blacksmith by trade.

Plasterers—Average number employed, 4 men; one of whom is a plasterer by trade.

Painters—Average number employed, 4 men; two of whom are painters by trade.

Tinsmiths—Average number employed, 1 man; who is a tinsmith by trade.

Laborers—Average number employed in this capacity, 64 men.

Average number of men employed, 110 per month.

TABLE "C."

Showing Quantity of Labor Performed on New Prison Building During the Year 1897.

Total number of brick laid.....	977 905
Total number of square yards plastering.....	107,000
Total number square feet cement floors.....	13,526
Total number square yards painting.....	4,215
Total number square feet cut stone.....	106
Total number perches foundation stone laid.....	544

TABLE "D."

Showing the Cost of Material and Tools Bought for the Construction of New Prison Building, No. 2, During Year 1897.

977,905 brick.....	manufactured by prisoners
544 perches rough stone for foundation.....	manufactured by prisoners
106 square feet cut stone.....	manufactured by prisoners
4,631 bushels of lime.....	manufactured by prisoners
731 loads of sand.....	manufactured by prisoners
30,345 feet board measure rough lumber, of which 3,876 feet cost..\$	46 51
13,145 feet board measure dressed lumber.....	354 01
3,450 feet lineal window stops and parting beads.....	36 76
81,726 pounds Bessemer steel and iron window gratings and doors.	4,868 13
130 pounds Octagon steel tools.....	13 00
88 pounds Norway iron rivets.....	6 16
7 squares galvanized iron ventilators.....	49 40
111 squares corrugated iron ceiling.....	350 22
7,428 square feet roofing paper—ceiling.....	28 00
30 pounds solder—roof.....	3 60
5 pounds resin—roof.....	75
66,000 pounds English Portland cement—floors and plastering.....	931 75
11 bushels hair—plastering bedrooms.....	4 95
8,500 laths—bedrooms and stairways in towers.....	29 75
Hardware finishings—locks, window fastenings, etc.....	86 91
Tools used in construction.....	350 68
Freight charges on foundation stone.....	180 00
16 kegs nails.....	56 45
6,407 pounds blacksmith coal.....	57 66
115 pounds powder—quarrying rock and lime stone.....	29 90
143½ gallons boiled oil for painting.....	73 01
41 gallons asphaltum for painting iron work.....	41 00
950 pounds white lead.....	76 00
720 pounds mineral and lampblack—painting and pointing exterior brick work	63 20

22 pounds color ground in oil.....	11 25
172 double deck bedsteads.....	1,505 00
Expenses moving material from Billings to Deer Lodge.....	193 12
Freight charges on material from Billings to Deer Lodge, and nature of same: 99,400 pounds Bessemer steel and iron, including doors, gratings, brackets, T rails, registers, posts, and 3,454 feet of pipe for railings; 36,670 pounds Yankton cement; 4,896 feet board measure dressed lumber; 3,712 square feet of glass in glazed windows, and frames to correspond; 42 doors and frames, wooden.....	1,471 78
Total	\$10,927 95

TABLE "E."

Showing the Total Amount of Material Used in Construction of New Prison Building, No. 2, During the Years 1896-1897.

Number of brick—manufactured by prisoners.....	2,178,368
Perches rough stone—manufactured by prisoners.....	1,229
Square feet cut stone—manufactured by prisoners.....	8,639
Bushels of lime—manufactured by prisoners.....	7,256
Loads of sand—manufactured by prisoners.....	1,256
Feet board measure, rough lumber.....	120,345
Feet board measure, dressed lumber.....	18,041
Lineal feet window stops and parting beads.....	3,450
Pounds Bessemer steel and iron.....	185,204
Pounds Norway iron	463
Squares galvanized iron.....	13½
Feet galvanized iron cornice.....	155
Squares corrugated iron	111
Squares Taylor's old-style tin.....	126
Square feet roofing paper.....	20,428
Pounds solder	389
Pounds resin	55
Pounds English Portland cement.....	66,000
Pounds Yankton, South Dakota cement.....	56,670
Bushels hair	11
Lath	8,500
Locks	217
Sash locks	48
Sash lifts	96
Pairs of butts.....	27
Pounds sash cord.....	21½
Kegs of nails.....	44
Pounds blacksmith coal.....	23,017
Pounds Octagon steel.....	1,301
Pounds white lead.....	1,050
Pounds mineral and lampblack.....	1,351

Pounds color ground in oil.....	32
Pounds powder quarrying rock and lime stone.....	250
Gallons of boiled oil.....	243½
Gallons asphaltum	42½
Square feet in windows.....	2,298
Number of doors and frames, wooden.....	22
Ventilators and registers.....	198
Number double-deck bedsteads.....	172

JAMES McCAILMAN.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

RELATING TO THE PRISONERS IN THE STATE PRISON.

TABLE NO. 1.

Showing the Nativity of Prisoners Confined in the State Prison up to
December 1, 1897.

Alabama	3	Nebraska	4
California	7	New Jersey	1
Colorado	1	New York	32
Connecticut	3	North Dakota	1
Delaware	1	Ohio	10
Georgia	1	Oregon	5
Idaho	1	Pennsylvania	14
Illinois	14	South Carolina	1
Indiana	6	Tennessee	5
Iowa	15	Texas	11
Kansas	3	Utah	5
Kentucky	5	Vermont	5
Louisiana	3	Virginia	6
Maine	1	Washington	2
Maryland	3	Washington D. C.	3
Massachusetts	12	West Virginia	1
Michigan	12	Wisconsin	14
Minnesota	9		
Missouri	13	Total from United States...	240
Montana	7		

FOREIGN LANDS.

Austria	4	Hungaria	2
Australia	1	Italy	2
Bavaria	1	Ireland	21
Bohemia	1	Norway	1
Canada	20	Sweden	9
China	1	Scotland	5
East India	1	West India	1
England	16		
France	2	Total from foreign lands....	109
Finland	4	Grand total	349
Germany	17		

TABLE NO. 2.

Showing in What County the Prisoners Confined in the State Prison to
December 1, 1897, were convicted.

Beaverhead	11	Lewis and Clarke	45
Broadwater	1	Madison	10
Carbon	5	Meagher	2
Cascade	27	Missoula	27
Choteau	19	Park	8
Custer	17	Ravalli	1
Dawson	1	Silver Bow.....	62
Deer Lodge	37	Sweet Grass	4
Fergus	4	Teton	2
Flathead	11	Valley	8
Gallatin	12	Yellowstone	17
Granite	6		
Jefferson	12	Total	349

TABLE NO. 3.

Showing Term of Sentence of Prisoners Confined in the State Prison up to
December 1, 1897.

2 months	1	11 years	2
1 year	59	12 years	11
1 year 2 months.....	2	14 years	3
1 year 3 months.....	2	15 years	5
1 year 4 months.....	1	17 years	5
1 year 6 months.....	19	18 years	4
2 years	35	20 years	7
2 years 4½ months.....	3	21 years	1
2 years 6 months.....	6	22 years	1
3 years	34	25 years	7
3 years 6 months.....	3	28 years	1
4 years	10	30 years	2
4 years 6 months.....	3	31 years	1
5 years	33	35 years	1

6 years	8	37 years	1
7 years	13	40 years	2
7 years 6 months.....	6	60 years	1
8 years	6	Life	23
9 years	1		
10 years	26	Total	349

TABLE NO. 4.

Showing Occupation of the Prisoners Confined in the State Prison up to
December 1, 1897.

Actor	1	Ironmoulder	2
Barber	5	Journalist	1
Bartender	1	Laundryman	1
Blacksmith	7	Laborer	74
Brewer	1	Lapidary	1
Bricklayer	2	Locksmith	1
Boilermaker	1	Machinist	9
Bookkeeper	4	Mason	1
Butcher	9	Miller	2
Bootblack	1	Miner	36
Bookbinder	1	Moulder	1
Brickmaker	1	Operator	1
Cabinetmaker	2	Packer	1
Carpenter	7	Painter	7
Carpetman	1	Pawnbroker	1
Carriage painter	1	Porter	4
Clerk	1	Photographer	2
Cigarmaker	1	Plumber	2
Confectioner	2	Pugilist	1
Cook	15	Railroader	5
Cooper	3	Rancher	20
Cowboy	15	Sailor	6
Cyprian	4	Shoemaker	4
Dressmaker and hair dresser...	1	Steam fitter	2
Dishwasher	1	Stone mason	3
Electrician	2	Stone cutter	2
Engineer	5	Saloonkeeper	1
Engraver	1	Stage machinist	1
Farmer	8	Tailor	2
Fireman	7	Teamster	10
Gambler	3	Telegraph operator	1
Gardener	2	Upholsterer	1
Hack driver	1	Waiter	10
Harnessmaker	2	Without occupation	7
Herder	1	Wood turner	1
Horseman	2	Wiremaker	1
Horseshoer	1		
Ironmaker	1	Total	349

TABLE NO. 5.

Showing Crimes Committed by Prisoners Confined in the State Prison up to
December 1, 1897.

AGAINST THE PERSON.

Assault to murder	3
Assault	4
Assault, second degree.....	23
Assault, first degree.....	2
Attempt to rob.....	2
Assault to murder and escape jail.....	1
Attempt to rape.....	1
Abortion	1
Involuntary manslaughter	1
Infamous crime	1
Manslaughter	14
Murder	29
Murder, second degree.....	11
Mayhem	2
Rape	16
Robbery	50
Robbery and prior conviction	1
Sodomy	2
Voluntary manslaughter.....	3

AGAINST PROPERTY.

Burglary	50
Burglary, second degree.....	13
Burglary, first degree	10
Burglary and escaping jail.....	3
Changing brands	2
Destroying public jail.....	1
Embezzlement	3
Forgery	15
Grand larceny	70
Gambling	1
Larceny	1
Larceny, first degree.....	2
Obtaining money under false pretenses.....	2
Petit larceny, second time.....	2
Receiving stolen property.....	2
Uttering fictitious check.....	1

AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER AND DECENCY.

Attempting to pass counterfeit coin	1
Escaping jail	1
Perjury	2

Total349

TABLE NO. 6.

Showing Whether the Prisoners Confined in the State Prison up to December 1, 1897, are Married or Single.

Married	60
Single	289
Total	349

TABLE NO. 7.

Showing Under What Process Conviction of the Prisoners Now Confined in the State Prison Was Had.

Indictment	12
Information	337
Total	349

TABLE NO. 8.

Showing the Age of Prisoners Confined in the State Prison up to December, 1, 1897.

From 15 to 19 years.....	14
From 20 to 24 years.....	71
From 25 to 29 years.....	85
From 30 to 34 years.....	69
From 35 to 39 years.....	54
From 40 to 49 years.....	41
From 50 to 59 years.....	13
From 60 to 69 years.....	1
From 70 to 80 years.....	1
Total	349

TABLE NO. 9.

Showing the Number of Cases Treated by the Prison Physician from December 1, 1896, to December 1, 1897, and the nature of the disease.

Asthma	1	General Malaise	53
Biliousness	20	Hemocrania	3
Bronchitis	6	Hemorrhoids	2
Bronchitis, cap	4	Hemorrhage	2
Carbuncle	1	Incontinence of urine.	1
Catarrh	1	Indigestion	4
Chronic nephritic	8	Insomnia	4
Chorea	2	Lagrippe	20
Conjunctivitis	1	Malaise	2
Constipation..	5	Nephritic	1
Diarrhoea	27	Neuralgia	11
Diarrhoea, bilious	1	Peri carditis	1
Dropsy	1	Prostitis	1
Dysentery	8	Psoriasis	3
Dysentery, bilious	1	Rheumatism	23
Dysmenorrhea	2	Secondary syphilis	2
Dyspepsia	1	Semi-emission	3
Eczema	1	Sistitis	1
Enlarged testicle	1	Stomatitis	1
Erysipelas	1	Syphilis	2
Eye injured	1	Tobacco heart	1
Farringitis	3	Tonsillitis	33
Farrinestis	1	Valvular heart disease	4
Fractured tibula	1		
Gastritis	1	Total	279
Gastric catarrh	1		

TABLE NO. 10.

Showing the Number of Days Prisoners Were Treated by the Physician for Each Disease Mentioned in Table No. 9, From December 1, 1896, to December 1, 1897.

4 prisoners treated	2 days each.
15 prisoners treated	3 days each.
61 prisoners treated	4 days each.
54 prisoners treated	5 days each.
30 prisoners treated	6 days each.
23 prisoners treated	7 days each.
21 prisoners treated	8 days each.
13 prisoners treated	9 days each.

13 prisoners treated	10 days each.
2 prisoners treated	12 days each.
1 prisoner treated	13 days.
4 prisoners treated	14 days each.
2 prisoners treated	15 days each.
2 prisoners treated	16 days each.
1 prisoner treated	20 days.
2 prisoners treated	21 days each.
2 prisoners, treated	25 days each.
1 prisoner treated	27 days.
1 prisoner treated	28 days.
3 prisoners treated	30 days each.
7 prisoners treated	31 days each.
1 prisoner treated	35 days.
1 prisoner treated	39 days.
1 prisoner treated	40 days.
1 prisoner treated	53 days.
1 prisoner treated	58 days.
2 prisoners treated	61 days each.
1 prisoner treated	64 days.
2 prisoners treated	84 days each.
1 prisoner treated	90 days.
1 prisoner, treated	92 days.
1 prisoner treated	113 days.
1 prisoner treated	118 days.
1 prisoner treated	121 days.
1 prisoner treated	145 days.
1 prisoner treated	365 days.

279—Total number treated.

TABLE NO. 11.

Showing the Number of Prisoners Punished for Violation of the Rules and
the Number of the Rule Violated.

Rule 40, violated by 4 prisoners.
 Rule 46, violated by 11 prisoners.
 Rule 50, violated by 3 prisoners.
 Rule 51, violated by 5 prisoners.
 Rule 52, violated by 33 prisoners.
 Rule 54, violated by 1 prisoner.
 Rule 57, violated by 11 prisoners.
 Rule 66, violated by 3 prisoners.
 Rule 91, violated by 92 prisoners.
 Total number violating rules, 163.

TABLE NO. 12.

Showing Mode and Extent of Punishment of the Prisoners Confined in the
State Prison During the Fiscal Year Ending
November 30, 1897.

1 prisoner, dark cell, bread and water,	2 days.
9 prisoners, dark cell, bread and water,	4 days.
18 prisoners, dark cell, bread and water,	5 days.
93 prisoners, dark cell, bread and water,	6 days.
33 prisoners, dark cell, bread and water,	10 days.
8 prisoners, dark cell, bread and water,	15 days.
1 prisoner, dark cell, bread and water,	20 days.

163—total number prisoners punished.

TABLE NO. 13.

Showing the Number of Prisoners in the State Prison Having Money to
Their Credit December 1, 1896, and the Amount; Number Receiv-
ing and Earning Money Since December 1, 1896, and the
Amount; Number Expending Money While in Prison,
and Amount, and Number Having Money to
Their Credit at the End of the Year,
and the Amount.

Number of prisoners having money December 1, 1896.....	108
Amount so held.....	\$1,333 56
Number of prisoners receiving money during the year ending November 30, 1897.....	225
Amount so received.....	\$4,448 92
Number of prisoners expending money during the year ending November 30, 1897.....	244
Amount so expended.....	\$4,391 49
Number of prisoners having money November 30, 1897.....	107
Amount so held.....	\$1,390 99

TABLE NO. 14.

Showing the Total Number of Prisoners Released From the State Prison by
Expiration of Sentence, Pardon, Etc.

Discharged by expiration of sentence.....	37
Discharged by pardon	21
*Discharged by diminution of sentence.....	91
Discharged by order of court.....	1
Escaped	4
Total	<u>154</u>

*These prisoners allowed diminution of sentence worked upon the improvements at the State Prison, and were recommended to the Governor by the Board of State Prison Commissioners for extra good time.

TABLE NO. 15.

Showing Length of "Good Time" Allowed Prisoners Discharged From the
State Prison From December 1st, 1896, to December 1st, 1897.

1 prisoner allowed 4 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 5 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 7 days good time.
2 prisoners allowed 15 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 21 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 23 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 26 days good time.
2 prisoners allowed 27 days good time.
11 prisoners allowed 1 month good time.
2 prisoners allowed 1 month 8 days good time.
14 prisoners allowed 1 month 9 days good time.
2 prisoners allowed 1 month 10 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 1 month 15 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 1 month 16 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 1 month 18 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 1 month 19 days good time.
2 prisoners allowed 1 month 20 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 1 month 22 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 1 month 23 days good time.
2 prisoners allowed 1 month 26 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 2 months good time.
22 prisoners allowed 2 months good time.
1 prisoner allowed 2 months 3 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 2 months 5 days good time.
2 prisoners allowed 2 months 8 days good time.
4 prisoners allowed 2 months 9 days good time.
1 prisoner allowed 2 months 10 days good time.

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- 1 prisoner allowed 2 months 19 days good time.
 - 11 prisoners allowed 3 months good time.
 - 2 prisoners allowed 3 months 8 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 3 months 9 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 3 months 10 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 3 months 15 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 3 months 16 days good time.
 - 3 prisoners allowed 4 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 4 months 7 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 4 months 23 days.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 5 months 14 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 5 months 27 days.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 6 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 6 months 7 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 6 months 8 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 6 months 10 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 7 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 8 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 8 months 10 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 8 months 28 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 10 months 8 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 11 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 11 months 17 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 3 months 6 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 3 months 9 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 3 months 26 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 4 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 6 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 6 months 24 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 7 months 8 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 9 months 24 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 1 year 10 months good time.
 - 3 prisoners allowed 2 years good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 2 years 3 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 2 years 3 months 18 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 2 years 7 months 6 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 2 years 7 months 8 days.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 2 years 10 months 2 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 3 years 3 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 3 years 9 months 7 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 3 years 10 months 24 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 3 years 11 months 28 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 4 years 7 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 4 years 10 months 3 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 5 years 2 months 28 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 5 years 5 months 9 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 5 years 11 months 8 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 8 years 3 months good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 11 years 3 months 20 days good time.
 - 1 prisoner allowed 10 months 18 days good time.
 - 2 prisoners allowed 15 years 8 months 17 days good time.
 - Total number of prisoners allowed good time, 148.

TABLE NO. 16.

Showing the Number of Prisoners Furnished Cash Gratuity When Discharged, and the Amount so Furnished.

Number of prisoners furnished cash gratuity.....	150
Total amount so furnished.....	\$750 00

TABLE NO. 17.

Showing the Number of Prisoners Furnished With Clothing When Discharged, and the Value of Clothing So Furnished.

Number of prisoners furnished clothing.....	150
Total value of clothing so furnished.....	\$2,250 00

TABLE NO. 18.

Showing Number of Previous Commitments of the Prisoners Now Confined in the State Prison.

No previous commitments.....	317
One previous commitment.....	27
Two previous commitments.....	2
Three previous commitments.....	2
Five previous commitments.....	1
Total	349

TABLE NO. 19.

Showing Conduct of the Prisoners for the Fiscal Year Ending November 30, 1897, Who Were Discharged During the Year.

Good	119
Fair	13
Bad	11
Very bad.....	7
Total	150

TABLE NO. 20.

Showing the Number of Prisoners in the State Prison December 1, 1896; the Number Received and Released Since Said Date, and the Number in Prison December 1, 1897.

Number in prison December 1, 1896.....	312
Total number released.....	150
Escaped	4
Remainder	158
Number received since November 30, 1896.....	188
Recaptured	3
Total number in prison December 1, 1897.....	349

TABLE NO. 21.

Showing the Number of Female Prisoners in the State Prison December 1, 1896; the Number Received and Released Since Said Date, and the Number in Prison at the Date of This Report, December 1, 1897.

Number in prison December 1, 1896.....	6
Total number released.....	3
Remainder	3
Number received Since November 30, 1896.....	3
Total number in prison December 1, 1897.....	6

TABLE I.

Showing the Amount Expended for Salary of Superintendent, Tools, Implements, Etc., Which Includes the Total Expense for Work and Materials Expended Upon and Used in the Construction of New Building No. 2, State Prison,, for the Fiscal Year, 1897.

L. Rotwitt, trip commissioners.....	\$23 85
Northern Pacific Express Company, express charges.....	4 25
E. L. Bonner Company, merchandise.....	54 64
Zenor & Trask, merchandise.....	88 54
Jas. McCalman, salary and expense.....	156 90
Geo. Cockrell, merchandise.....	2 50
Conley & McTague, stone and rock on improvements.....	75 00
Harry Spearman, tinner.....	31 60
Martin Reuss, tinner.....	59 20
D. M. Newbro, merchandise.....	78

Steadman Foundry Co., bolts, etc.....	69 60
Conley & McTague, lime.....	39 40
A. M. Holter Hardware Co., merchandise.....	851 89
Deer Lodge Drug Co., merchandise.....	11 70
Great Northern Express Company, express charges.....	45
Montana Lumber and Manufacturing Co., merchandise.....	100 00
A. M. Holter Hardware Co., merchandise.....	56 40
Zenor & Trask, merchandise.....	63 85
Deer Lodge Water Co., water.....	147 25
C. R. S. Church, tinner.....	46 00
Martin Reuss, tinner.....	88 00

(Although these payments were made after the 1st of December, they represent expenditures made during the fiscal year in the construction and completion of the building.)

Salary Jas. McCalman, December, 1896.....	150 00
Expense Jas. McCalman, December, 1896.....	8 97
*Northern Pacific Railroad Co., freight charges on material from Billings to Deer Lodge.....	1,489 78
Jas. McCalman, expense in removing iron from Billings to Deer Lodge, loading, etc.....	265 12
Jas. McCalman, salary for May.....	200 00
Jas. McCalman, expense for May.....	10 70
Parchen Drug Co., lamp black and linseed oil.....	52 26
Helena Book and Stationery Co., supplies for McCalman	8 90
Deer Lodge Drug Co., paints, oils, etc.,.....	26 10
Zenor & Trask, tools, hardware, etc.....	74 05
Jas. McCalman, salary for June.....	206 00
Balfour, Guthrie & Co., 38,000 pounds Portland cement.....	251 75
Montana Union Railroad Co., freight on 24 cars rock from Kohrs to Deer Lodge.....	180 00
E. L. Bonner Co., coal, lime, powder caps, etc.....	92 39
Zenor & Trask, tools, iron, steel, etc.....	150 59
Montana Union Railroad Co., freight on 95 barrels cement.....	285 00
E. L. Bonner Co., stepping, flooring, fuse, coal.....	278 18
City Drug Store, supplies for new prison building.....	38 30
Jas. McCalman, salary for July.....	200 00
Jas. McCalman, expense for July.....	4 25
C. S. Haire, examining and estimating steam plant.....	22 90
Jas. McCalman, salary for August.....	208 00
Jas. McCalman, expense for August.....	3 15
Anaconda Copper Mining Co., doors, window frames, etc., for new building	2,994 00
City Drug Co., paint.....	44 90
A. M. Holter Hardware Co., tools.....	806 42
E. L. Bonner Co., lumber.....	88 65
Jas. McCalman, salary for September	208 00
Jas. McCalman, expense for September.....	2 40
Conley & McTague, telegrams to Pauly Jail Building and Manufacturing Co.....	2 50

(*\$500 of this amount was charged to House Joint Resolution No. 3.)

Conley & McTague, tobacco for prisoners working.....	302 10
Conley & McTague, express charges.....	1 35
Conley & McTague, extra food and clothing prisoners working....	1,735 46
Conley & McTague, feed for horses.....	905 80
Conley & McTague, one-half cost construction lime kiln.....	112 50
Conley & McTague, extra guards and foremen.....	1,282 14
*E. L. Bonner Co., lumber.....	210 60
*City Drug Store, paints, brushes, oils.....	44 95
*Alf Whitworth, material for painting and glazing.....	98 10
*Northwestern Wire Mattress Co., 24 special institution beds.....	1,255 00
*Montana Union Railroad Co., freight on beds.....	250 00
*Zenor & Trask, hardware.....	186 71
*A. M. Holter Hardware Co., hardware.....	92 06
*Anaconda Copper Mining Co., foundry department, doors, frames, etc.....	1,750 80
*Jas. McCalman, salary for October.....	208 00
*Jas. McCalman, expense for October.....	3 35
Total	\$18,263 98

*Claims having stars are to be paid out of appropriation for 1898, because the balance remaining unexhausted in the appropriation of 1897 is inadequate.

TABLE NO. II.

Showing the Amount of Appropriation for the Care and Keep of Prisoners,
and the Amount of Money Expended From This Fund, for
the Fiscal Year Ending November 30, 1897.

Amount of appropriation fiscal year 1897.....	\$50,000 00
Amount expended in erection and construction of new building No. 2.....	\$12,192 61
Amount expended for transporting convicts.....	1,004 30
Amount expended for watchman Eastern State prison..	47 00
Amount expended for school supplies.....	47 49
Amount expended for clothing and money furnished discharged prisoners under Sec- tion 2971 of the Penal Code.....	\$2,200 00
Amount expended for care and keep of prisoners under contract with Conley & McTague	33,933 20
Total for care and keep, clothing and money for prisoners.....	\$36,138 20—36,138 20
Total amount expended 1897 appropriation.....	\$49,424 60—49,424 60
Balance remaining in appropriation.....	\$575 40
Bills outstanding for care and keep of convicts.....	8,726 53
For clothing and cash gratuity.....	800 00
For erection and construction new building, No. 2.....	4,099 57
Total	\$13,626 12

*\$88 of the appropriation of 1895 and \$1,883.80 of the appropriation of 1896 was also expended in the construction of new building No. 2 during fiscal year 1897.

TABLE NO. III.

Showing Expense Incurred for Custodian of the Eastern State Prison From
December 1, 1896, to January 17, 1897.

Frank Baker, salary as custodian of building and grounds Eastern State prison from December 1, 1896, to January 17, 1897, at the rate of \$30 per month.....	\$47 00
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TABLE A.

Showing the Amount Paid Contractors Monthly for the Keeping of Prisoners for the Fiscal Year Commencing December 1st, 1896, and Ending November 30th, 1897, and the Amount Paid Out Monthly for Clothing for Discharged Convicts, and the Amount of Money Paid Out to Such Convicts During the Fiscal Year.

Expense of keeping prisoners from December 1, 1896, to December 31, 1896—

From December 1 to December 31, 1896, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

321 prisoners, 9838 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,443 30

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 17 prisoners discharged between December 1 and December

31, 1896, as follows:

Clothing	\$255 00	
Cash gratuity.....	85 00	340 00

Total expense of State prison for 31 days, from December 1, 1896, to December 31, 1896.....\$3,783 30

Expense of keeping prisoners from January 1, 1897, to January 17, 1897—

From January 1 to January 17, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners as follows:

308 prisoners, 5,264 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$1,842 40

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 10 prisoners discharged between January 1 and January 17,

1897, as follows

Clothing	\$150 00	
Cash gratuity.....	50 00	200 00

Total expense of State prison for 17 days, from January 1, 1897, to January 17, 1897.....\$2,042 40

Expense of keeping prisoners from January 18, 1897, to February 14, 1897—

From January 18 to February 14, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

316 prisoners, 8,743 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,060 05

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 11 prisoners discharged between January 18 and February

14, 1897, as follows:

Clothing	\$165 00	
Cash gratuity.....	55 00	220 00

Total expense of State prison for 28 days, from January 18, 1897, to February 14, 1897.....\$3,280 05

Expense of keeping prisoners from February 15, 1897, to March 14, 1897—

From February 15 to March 14, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners as follows:

321 prisoners, 8,993 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,147 55

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 12

prisoners discharged between February 15 and March 14,
1897, as follows:

Clothing\$180 00

Cash gratuity..... 60 00 240 00

Total expense of State prison for 28 days, from February 15,

1897, to March 14, 1897.....\$3,387 55

Expense of keeping prisoners from March 15, 1897, to April 18, 1897—

From March 15 to April 18, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

325 prisoners, 11,214 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,924 90

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 12

prisoners discharged between March 15 and April 18,
1897, as follows:

Clothing\$180 00

Cash gratuity..... 60 00 240 00

Total expense of State prison for 35 days, from March 15,

1897, to April 18, 1897.....\$4,164 90

Expense of keeping prisoners from April 19, 1897, to May 16, 1897—

From April 19 to May 16, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

340 prisoners, 9,342 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,269 70

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 7

prisoners discharged between April 19 and May 16, 1897,
as follows:

Clothing\$105 00

Cash gratuity..... 35 00 140 00

Total expense of State prison for 28 days, from April 19, 1897,

to May 16, 1897.....\$3,409 70

Expense of keeping prisoners from May 17, 1897, to June 20, 1897—

From May 17 to June 20, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

342 prisoners, 12,039 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$4,213 65

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 12

prisoners discharged between May 17 and June 20, 1897,
as follows:

Clothing\$180 00

Cash gratuity..... 60 00 240 00

Total expense of State prison for 35 days, from May 17, 1897,

to June 20, 1897.....\$4,453 65

Expense of keeping prisoners from June 21, 1897, to July 18, 1897—

From June 21 to July 18, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners as follows:

342 prisoners, 9,612 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,364 20

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 4

prisoners discharged between June 21 and July 18, 1897,

as follows:

Clothing \$60 00

Cash gratuity..... 20 00 80 00

Total expense of State prison for 28 days, from June 21, 1897,

to July 18, 1897.....\$3,444 20

Expense of keeping prisoners from July 19, 1897, to August 15, 1897—

From July 19 to August 15, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

352 prisoners, 9,658 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,380 30

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 8

prisoners discharged between July 19 and August 15,

1897, as follows:

Clothing\$120 00

Cash gratuity..... 40 00 160 00

Total expense of State prison for 28 days, from July 19, 1897

to August 15, 1897.....\$3,540 30

Expense of keeping prisoners from August 16, 1897, to September 19, 1897—

From August 16 to September 19, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

347 prisoners, 12,249 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$4,287 15

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 17

prisoners discharged between August 16 and September

19, 1897, as follows:

Clothing\$255 00

Cash gratuity..... 85 00 340 00

Total expense of State prison for 35 days, from August 16,

1897, to September 19, 1897.....\$4,627 15

Expense of keeping prisoners from September 20, 1897, to October 17, 1897—

From September 20 to October 17, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

345 prisoners, 9,795 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,428 25

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 16

prisoners discharged between September 20 and October

17, 1897, as follows:

Clothing\$240 00

Cash gratuity..... 80 00— 320 00

Total expense of State prison for 28 days, from September 20,

1897, to October 17, 1897.....\$3,748 25

Expense of keeping prisoners from October 18, 1897, to November 14, 1897—

From October 18 to November 14, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

341 prisoners, 9,635 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$3,372 25

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 20 prisoners discharged between October 18 and November

14, 1897, as follows:

Clothing	\$300 00	
Cash gratuity.....	100 00	400 00

Total expense of State prison for 28 days, from October 18, 1897, to November 14, 1897.....\$3,772 25

Expense of keeping prisoners from November 14, 1897, to November 30, 1897—

From November 14 to November 30, 1897, both inclusive, the State paid out for the care and keeping of prisoners, as follows:

349 prisoners, 5,503 days, at 35c per capita per day.....\$1,926 05

The State paid out for clothing and cash gratuity for 4 prisoners discharged between November 14 and November 30, 1897, as follows:

Clothing	\$60 00	
Cash gratuity.....	20 00	80 00

Total expense of State prison for 16 days, from November 14, 1897, to November 30, 1897.....\$2,006 05

EXPENSE STATE PRISON.

RECAPITULATION.

December 1, 1896, to December 31, 1896, 31 days.....	\$3,783 30
January 1, 1897, to January 17, 1897, 17 days.....	2,042 40
January 18, 1897, to February 14, 1897, 28 days.....	3,280 05
February 15, 1897, to March 14, 1897, 28 days.....	3,387 55
March 15, 1897, to April 18, 1897, 35 days.....	4,164 90
April 19, 1897, to May 16, 1897, 28 days.....	3,409 70
May 17, 1897, to June 20, 1897, 35 days.....	4,453 65
June 21, 1897, to July 18, 1897, 28 days.....	3,444 20
July 19, 1897, to August 15, 1897, 28 days.....	3,540 30
August 16, 1897, to September 19, 1897, 28 days.....	4,627 15
September 20, 1897, to October 17, 1897, 28 days.....	3,748 25
October 18, 1897, to November 14, 1897, 28 days.....	3,772 25
November 14, 1897, to November 30, 1897, 16 days.....	2,006 05
Total	\$45,659 75

TABLE "B."

Showing the Name of the Sheriff of Each County Wherein Prisoner Was Sentenced, Date of Admission at the Prison, Amount of Actual Expenses for Transporting Each Convict to the Prison, Total Number of Prisoners Taken From Each County for the Fiscal Year Ending November 30, 1897.

NAME OF SHERIFF	Number of Prisoners	County where Sentenced	Date of Admission to Prison.	Amount Claimed by Sheriff	Amount paid	Total amount Allowed Sheriff for Transporting Convict
C. H. Padley	2	Beaverhead	Mar. 22, '97	\$ 24 65		\$ 24 65
"	"	"	May 22, '97	15 05		15 05
Chas. C. Proctor	2	Cascade	Jan. 20, '97			
"	"	"	Jan. 28, '97	88 30	\$ 39 60	48 70
Thos. Hogan	2	Carbon	Nov. 24, '96			
"	"	"	Nov. 24, '96	96 50		96 50
John Dunn	1	"	Apr. 23, '97	65 10	40 15	24 95
Geo. B. McLaughlin	5	Choteau	Dec. 6, '96			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	"	151 15		151 15
P. Clary	3	"	Nov. 7, '97			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	Mar. 11, '97	117 00		117 00
"	2	"	May 14, '97			
"	"	"	"	64 80		64 80
"	2	"	Aug. 10, '97			
"	"	"	"	64 50	19 00	45 50
"	4	"	Aug. 13, '97			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	"	143 45	24 00	119 45
"	1	"	Aug. 16, '97	50 50	24 00	26 50
Jas. B. Hawkins	6	Custer	Dec. 16, '96			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	Dec. 20, '97			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	"	343 20		343 20
Jno. Gibb	1	"	Apr. 1, '97	81 00	46 10	34 90
"	4	"	Apr. 13, '97			
"	"	"	Apr. 15, '97			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	Apr. 17, '97	267 50	139 20	128 30
"	1	"	Jan. 19, '97	81 45	46 40	35 05
"	1	"	Jan. 24, '97	80 95	46 40	34 55
W. F. Hubbart	1	Flathead	Feb. 21, '97	84 25	42 00	42 25
"	1	"	Feb. 28, '97	92 35	43 90	48 45
W. J. Fransham	2	Gallatin	Feb. 19, '97			
"	"	"	"	38 60		38 60
"	2	"	May 14, '97			
"	"	"	May 30, '97	56 45	1 00	55 45
H. L. Sherlock	3	Jefferson	July 29, '97			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	"	52 30	4 00	48 30
"	2	"	Oct. 17, '97			
"	"	"	Oct. 22, '97	41 80	4 00	37 80
"	1	"	Oct. 26, '97	20 60	4 00	16 60
J. H. Jurgens	1	Lewis and Clarke	Dec. 8, '96	14 45		14 45
T. J. Davidson	11	"	Jan. 22, '97			
"	"	"	Jan. 27, '97			
"	"	"	Jan. 31, '97			
"	"	"	Feb. 7, '97			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	Feb. 9, '97			
"	"	"	"			
"	"	"	Feb. 13, '97			
"	"	"	"			

TABLE "B"—Continued.

NAME OF SHERIFF.	Number of Prisoners	County where Sentenced	Date of Admission	Amount Claimed by Sheriff	Amount Disallowed	Total amount Allowed Sheriff for Transferring Convict.
T. J. Davidson		Lewis and Clarke	Feb. 13, '97	\$ 115 55		\$ 115 55
"	2	"	Feb. 23, '97			
"		"		16 80		16 80
"	1	"	Apr. 19, '97	13 45		13 45
"		"	May 6, '97			
"		"		27 90		27 90
"	1	"	May 8, '97	13 05		13 05
"	1	"	May 9, '97	13 45		13 45
J. I. Haines	1	Madison	Dec. 1, '96	43 50		43 50
H. W. McLaughlin	4	Missoula	Jan. 21, '97			
"		"	Jan. 27, '97			
"		"	Jan. 29, '97			
"		"	Mar. 9, '97	61 60	30 80	30 80
"	3	"	Apr. 6, '97			
"		"	Apr. 24, '97			
"		"	May 3, '97	46 20	23 10	23 10
B. S. Chaffin	1	Ravalli	Dec. 16, '96	20 35		20 35
Sam'l J. Reynolds	5	Silver Bow	Nov. 28, '96			
"		"	Dec. 15, '96			
"		"				
"		"	Dec. 21, '96			
"		"	Dec. 31, '96	45 00		45 00
P. H. Regan	2	"	Jan. 25, '97			
"		"	Feb. 18, '97	19 00		19 00
"	15	"	Mar. 10, '97			
"		"	Mar. 27, '97			
"		"	Mar. 30, '97			
"		"	Apr. 10, '97			
"		"	Apr. 13, '97			
"		"	Apr. 23, '97			
"		"	Apr. 23, '97			
"		"	Apr. 24, '97			
"		"	May 7, '97			
"		"	May 11, '97			
"		"	May 12, '97			
"		"	May 14, '97			
"		"	May 14, '97			
"		"	May 25, '97			
"	2	"	May 29, '97	143 50		143 50
"		"	June 23, '97			
"		"	July 23, '97	19 00	8 00	11 00
Geo. A. Berky	1	Yellowstone	Mar. 14, '97	60 70	31 40	29 30
"	1	"	May 25, '97	56 80	31 50	25 30
"	1	"	May 26, '97	56 80	31 50	25 30
Total				\$ 2,918 55	\$ 680 05	\$ 2,238 50

RECAPITULATION.

COUNTY.	No. of Prisoners	Total Expense
Beaverhead.....	2	\$ 39 70
Cascade.....	2	48 70
Carbon.....	3	121 45
Choteau.....	17	524 40
Custer.....	13	576 00
Flathead.....	2	90 70
Gallatin.....	4	94 05
Jefferson.....	6	102 70
Lewis and Clarke.....	19	214 65
Madison.....	1	43 50
Missoula.....	7	53 90
Ravalli.....	1	20 35
Silver Bow.....	24	218 50
Yellowstone.....	3	79 90
Total.....	104	\$ 2,338 50

This table does not cover the full expense incurred, but such bills as have been received up to date.

EXPENSE ACCOUNT OF THE BOARD OF STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

Name of Person Rendering Service or Furnishing Supplies.	Character of Service Rendered or Article for which Expense was Incurred.	Amount Allowed and Paid.	Date Allowed	Appropriation Paid From.
Northern Pacific Ex. Co.	Express charges	\$ 3 80	Dec. 31, 1896	Ex. Acc't. Board Prison Comm'rs
Northern Pacific Ex. Co.	Express charges	2 80	Mar. 15, 1897	"
Northern Pacific Ex. Co.	Express charges	3 43	Mar. 15, 1897	"
C. B. Nolan	Stamps	10 00	Mar. 25, 1897	"
Helena Book and Sta. Co.	Supplies	1 20	Mar. 30, 1897	"
State Pub. Co.	Supplies	17 88	Apr. 13, 1897	"
Northern Pac. Exp. Co.	Express charges	3 53	Apr. 13, 1897	"
Helena Book and Sta. Co.	20 lbs. wrapping paper	1 75	Apr. 19, 1897	"
Northern Pac. Ex. Co.	Express charges	3 05	May 17, 1897	"
Northern Pac. Ex. Co.	Express charges	3 80	Jun. 21, 1897	"
A. E. Spriggs	Express charges	2 40	Jun. 26, 1897	"
C. B. Nolan	Visit to prison	3 00	Jun. 26, 1897	"
T. S. Hogan	Visit to prison (two trips)	3 10	Jun. 26, 1897	"
Northern Pacific Express Co.	Express charges	3 05	Jul. 19, 1897	"
Western Union Tel. Co.	Messages to reform school	1 45	Aug. 16, 1897	"
Northern Pac. Ex. Co.	Express charges	2 30	Aug. 16, 1897	"
T. H. Clewell	Supplies	75	Aug. 16, 1897	"
T. Blackstone	Postage Stamps	10 00	Aug. 16, 1897	"
Northern Pac. Ex. Co.	Express charges	1 50	ep. 20, 1897	"
Buck Dillard	Express and drayage	3 45	Sep. 20, 1897	"
K. M. Clements	Express paid on package cement	25	Sep. 20, 1897	"
R. B. Smith	Visit to prison	2 00	Sep. 25, 1897	"
C. B. Nolan	Visit to prison	3 50	Sep. 25, 1897	"
T. S. Hogan	Visit to prison	3 00	Sep. 28, 1897	"
Helena Book and Sta. Co.	Box rubber bands	40	Oct. 18, 1897	"
Northern Pacific Ex. Co.	Express charges	2 41	Oct. 18, 1897	"
Helena Book and Sta. Co.	Supplies	1 55	Nov. 15, 1897	"
Northern Pac. Ex. Co.	Express charges	2 35	Nov. 15, 1897	"
		\$ 97 71		

